December 2023

THE MOST UNIQUE AND RELIABLE RESOURCE FOR TODAY'S ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR

LED Streetlight Glare

Guardians of the Grid: Al-Backed Security Trailers Boost Protection for Utilities



RoadMax Roadway Lighting RX1 | RX2 | RX3

RoadMax®

15

Redefine the Road Ahead

HONOREE

Evluma builds off a legacy of low-glare lighting with RoadMax, a new family of roadway luminaires. For utilities and municipalities concerned with disability glare, meeting stringent roadway specifications, and achieving an efficient use of existing poles and roadway infrastructure this is a game changing luminaire.

"Inen Disasters Strike, First Responders Rely On Us!"

Our complete control, communication and convenience Utility Truck Console is becoming the new standard for truck fleets of all sizes. Loaded with standard and optional features that maximize ergonomics, productivity, and fleet/telecom standards into a one exceptional Mobile Console Solution.





Conversion to 0000 Machille Dook LLC All Dishts Deserved

TEC Contents · December 2023

TEC Contents December 2025	THE MOST UNDER AND RELIABLE RESOURCE FOR TODAY 5 ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR
PG 4 New from Ronk Electrical	- IIICICICIC
PG 6 LED Streetlight Glare Solutions & Effect by Evluma	CURRENT
PG 20 Guardians of the Grid: Al-Backed Security Trailers Boost Protection for Utilities	Vol. 23 Issue 12
PG 28 Ad Index	
LED Streetlight Glare causes & Solutions	PRESIDENT Glen Hobson 205-441-5591 glen@handfmedia.net ASSOCIATE PUBLISHER Steven Goodwin 205-624-2181 steve@handfmedia.net ADMINISTRATIVE DIRECTOR Steven Hobson Steven@handfmedia.net Steven@handfmedia.net EDITOR Brandon Greenhill brandon@handfmedia.net Jacklyn Greenhill Jacklyn@handfmedia.net Jacklyn@handfmedia.net
<image/>	<text><image/><text><text><text></text></text></text></text>
	Southern Digital Publishing, Inc. P.O. Box 1568 Pelham, AL 35124 PRINTED IN THE USA



Printed 3-1-20

AMERICAN MADE. Ronk Solid.

For over 70 years, Ronk Electrical Industries has been designing and manufacturing American Made products from the home office in Nokomis, IL. We specialize in phase converters and transfer switches, while

offering a variety of associated products such as stray voltage isolators and docking stations. Our team of application experts are ready and able to assist your sizing and troubleshooting needs.

Our double throw transfer switch line offers a wide variety of options, from our Meter Rite Pole Top, Grade Level and Meter Socket switches to our fused disconnect double throw switches. These units have undergone rigorous testing and are designed to facilitate the safe and efficient transfer of loads from utility power to your auxiliary source. Ronks double throw transfer switches are made with a break before make non-fouling contact design- inherently safe, reliable, and durable, able to help you address your emergency and optional backup power requirements.

Varying from 100-amp single phase all the way to 800-amp three phase, the comprehensive line of double throw switches are suitable for underground or overhead-to-underground installation. Each unit features a solid neutral with SUSE units adding the required neutral /ground bonding screw. Line and load lugs are a standard feature of Ronk double throw switches. They are encased in a NEMA 3R aluminum enclosure.

In addition to ensuring your facility is Emergency Power Ready, adding a Ronk Powertron Generator Docking Station to accompany your Ronk double throw switch unit makes for an organized, quick, and well-structured system to ensure that even in the toughest conditions and the most unexpected power outages that you are covered! Are you prepared for a power interruption disaster? Ronk can help!

www.ronkelectrical.com





NICOR High-Performance Lighting Technology

Headquartered in Albuquerque, New Mexico and with a nationwide distribution network, NICOR has manufactured innovative lighting solutions for over forty years. We build dependable products for residential, commercial, industrial, and enterprise-level lighting applications and specialize in functional LED technology for both indoor and outdoor spaces.

NICOR is built around providing more than just high-quality, reliable products, we also believe in building a trusted relationship with our customers. For that reason, NICOR provides a number of customized services and support to ensure every project goes as planned. Give us a call and find out how we can bring your project to light.



Solutions For Every Application

 Residential
 Industrial
 Enterprise
 Commercial
 Outdoor

 Outdoor
 </t





LED Streetlight Glare

Causes & Solutions

The rapid and ongoing shift from legacy bulb-type streetlights to LED technology in municipalities around the world has resulted in a dramatic increase in community complaints about the brightness and glare of the replacement luminaires. This whitepaper describes the different types of glare generated by streetlights, the major causes, and viable solutions for addressing them.

RONK AMERICAN MADE. RONK SOLID.

DOUBLE THROW DECEMBER KEEP THE POWER ON

RONK offers rugged and dependable units, such as our manual double-throw switches in single- and three-phase for efficient and safe transfer of loads between commercial power and auxiliary generators. Varying from 100 amp single phase all the way to 800 amp three phase, the complete line of double throw switches are built for underground or overhead-to-underground wiring. American-made, utility- duty NEMA 3R enclosed double throw switches come in configurations to meet various emergency power demands in many industries.

Switch	Catalog Number	Approx. Weight (lbs)	DPDT - Double Pole - Double Throw TPDT - Triple Pole - Double Throw
Single Phase (240 Vac) UL Listed	7103	13	DPDT with 100 amp main contacts, 100amp aux contacts
	7205A	35	DPDT with 200 amp main contacts, 200amp aux contacts
	7406	48	DPDT with 400 amp main contacts, 400amp aux contacts
Single Phase (240 Vac)	7215	48	DPDT with 200 amp main contacts, 200 amp aux contacts
with "Center-Off" Position UL Listed & SUSE Rated	7416	48	DPDT with 400 amp main contacts, 400 amp aux contacts
Three Phase (240 Vac) UL Listed	7805	56	TPDT with 200 amp main contacts, 200 amp aux contacts
	7806	56	TPDT with 400 amp main contacts, 400 amp aux contacts
Three Phase (240 Vac) with "Center-Off" Position UL Listed & SUSE Rated	7815	56	TPDT with 200 amp main contacts, 200 amp aux contacts
	7816	56	TPDT with 400 amp main contacts, 400 amp aux contacts
Single Phase (600 Vac) Non-UL & Not-SUSE	T-5233-6	184	DPDT with 800 amp main contacts, 600amp aux contacts
Three Phase (600 Vac) Non-UL & Not-SUSE	7800-6	56	TPDT with 200 amp main contacts, 200 amp aux contacts
	7808-6	56	TPDT with 400 amp main contacts, 400 amp aux contacts
	T-6233-6	197	TPDT with 800 amp main contacts, 600 amp aux contacts









- Cost effective
- Highly efficient
- Adaptable for many applications
- NEMA 3R aluminum
- Break before make non-fouling contact design

GRADE LEVEL Meter-Rite Switch

POLE TOP Meter-Rite Switch

METER SOCKET Meter-Rite Switch

FUSED DISCONNECT DOUBLE THROW SWITCH

Sales: 1-800-221-7665 | Service: 1-217-563-8333 | www.ronkelectrical.com ▶ in **G** |

The LED Conversion

For decades, High Intensity Discharge (HID) bulb-type lamps have been the primary method of illumination for streetlights and outdoor area lights. These lamps typically utilize screw-in High Pressure Sodium (HPS) or newer Metal Halide (MH) bulbs that resemble larger household incandescent bulbs but run at much higher wattages, with a much higher lumen output. The bulbs require special ballasts to drive them, lose light output over time, and need to be replaced every 3-to-5-years.

As LEDs have become both more powerful and more efficient, they have become a viable and cost-effective replacement for the legacy HID lamps. This has driven the rapid adoption we have witnessed over the past decade. The operating cost savings of LEDs are significant for two reasons. First, the energy efficiency of LEDs enables them to deliver an equivalent amount of light with an energy savings of 60% or greater versus the HID-based lamps. Second, the long-term maintenance costs associated with HID-bulb replacements are significantly reduced, as the operating life of the LEDs is 10-20 years or more, with minimal degradation of light quality. As such, the business case easily justifies the higher initial cost of retrofitting the HID fixtures with LED luminaires.

The light generated from the LED fixtures can be both objectively and subjectively "different" than that generated from the HID fixtures, and this can result in a negative experience for drivers, pedestrians, and residents affected by the change.

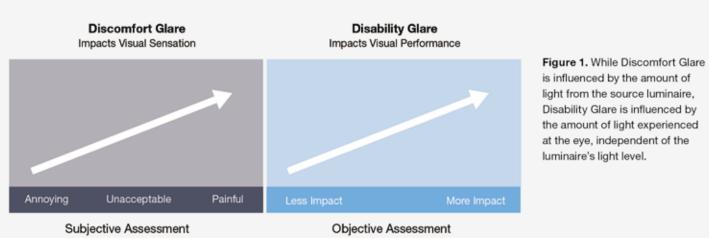
As with any transition to a new technology, there are some differences between the old and new that can lead to dissatisfaction in some applications. The light generated from the LED fixtures can be both objectively and subjectively "different" than that generated from the HID fixtures, and this can result in a negative experience for drivers, pedestrians, and residents affected by the change

What is Glare?

Glare is the resulting difficulty of seeing objects in the presence of bright light. In the context of street lighting, the bright light can come directly from a luminaire or be reflected off surfaces, such as the roadway or surrounding features. There are two types of glare, known as Discomfort Glare and Disability Glare. They have different causes and different impacts on our visual performance.

Discomfort Glare is the result of light from sources (like a streetlight) that are much brighter than the surrounding brightness (such as that of a night sky). If the glare level is high enough, it induces the desire to turn away for the source. Discomfort Glare does not necessarily impair vision and does not have an established standard for measurement. Assessment is typically through a qualitative rating ranging from just noticeable to unbearable.

Disability Glare is the result of stray light within the eye produced by light sources and reflected light in the field of view which reduces the overall contrast between objects and the background. It can cause temporary loss of vision but is not necessarily uncomfortable and does not induce the desire to turn way from the light source. Another difference is that Disability Glare can be calculated and quantified through standardized methods.



While Discomfort Glare is influenced by the amount of light from the source luminaire, Disability Glare is influenced by the amount of light experienced at the eye, independent of the luminaire's light level. While both types of glare can be experienced at the same time, Discomfort Glare affects vision sensation while Disability Glare affects actual visual performance. As such, both types of glare may be perceived as undesirable, and both may impact the behavior of a driver or pedestrian; Discomfort Glare by causing distraction or the desire to look away; Disability Glare by impairing visibility.

Vision Concepts

Human eyes have two primary light receptors within the retina, cones and rods, which are optimized for either daytime or nighttime vision. These receptors work in tandem to change the eye's sensitivity so that it can operate in light levels ranging from faint moonlight to midday sunlight.

At higher ambient light conditions, the cones in the center of our field of view have dominant sensitivity. This supports recognition of objects, performance of detailed visual tasks, and the ability to perceive a broad range of colors.

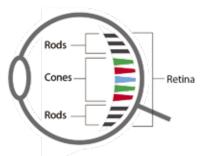


Figure 2. Light Receptors in the Human Eye

At lower ambient light conditions, the rods have dominant sensitivity around the periphery of the eye and away from the direct field of view. They enable enhanced peripheral vision, but the field of view is at a reduced resolution, which can make it harder to perform visual tasks. There is also a reduction in color depth and a shift in sensitivity in the color spectrum towards blue light.

Both receptors can be active to varying degrees in moderate or changing light conditions. Our eyes also adjust to the general lighting level over time, achieving and adjusting an adaptation level between the cones and rods that effectively calibrates our sensitivity to the current ambient light.

The higher the ambient light and adapted light levels, the less sensitive the eyes will be to other bright light sources in the field of view—such as oncoming headlights in midday sunlight. Conversely, the lower the adapted light level, the more sensitive the eye will be to bright sources, and the more likely it is to experience glare.

The goal of streetlighting is to provide enough ambient light to raise the eye's adapted light level and reduce sensitivity to other bright sources that may enter the field of view.

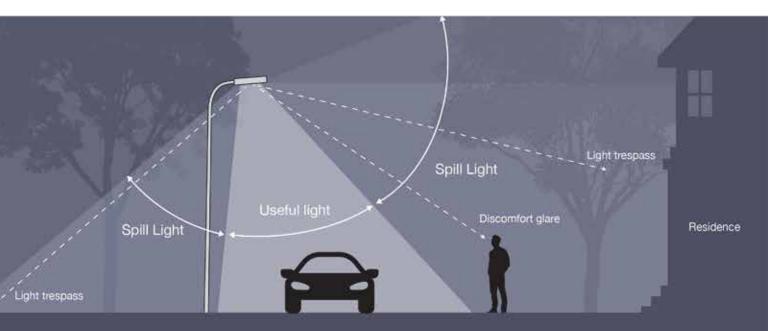
Causes of Discomfort Glare

As introduced above, Discomfort Glare is a function of the light level of the luminaire in the direction of the observer. If there is a significant difference between the source level of the luminaire and the eye's adapted light level to a darkened sky, it can be overwhelmed by trying to process too much light.

Cause 1: Light Trespass

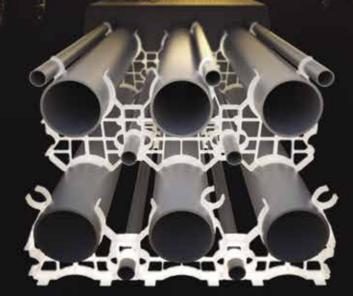
Many community complaints about streetlight glare are related to **Light Trespass**, also known as **Spill Light**, which is any light that spills outside of the intended lighting area. The spill light is typically emitted at a higher angle than the useful light and "trespasses" onto private property or into residential windows (See Figure 3).

Figure 3. Discomfort Glare



THE SECRET TO

UNDERGROUND POYER TRANSMISSION



OUR WUNPEECE TRANSMISSION SPACERS REDEFINE THE INDUSTRY STANDARD FOR UNDERGROUND POWER TRANSMISSION INSTALLATIONS. WITH PRECISION ENGINEERING AND UNMATCHED QUALITY.

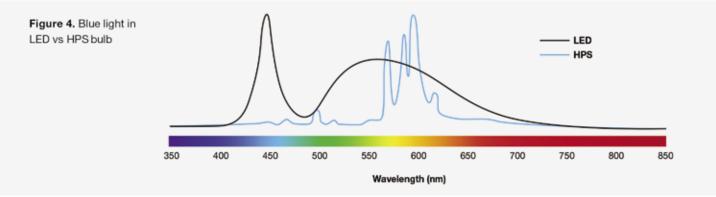
> JOIN THE RANKS OF INDUSTRY LEADERS WHO TRUST UNDERGROUND DEVICES FOR THEIR POWER TRANSMISSION NEEDS.



VISIT WWW.UDEVICES.COM AND EXPERIENCE THE FUTURE OF UNDERGROUND POWER INSTALLATION A resident around the property at night or in a darkened house will adapt to the lower ambient light level. Upon looking in the direction of the trespassing light source, the major difference in light levels may be high enough to trigger Discomfort Glare.

Cause 2: Blue Light

Retrofitting an existing HID streetlight with an LED source may also increase the amount of light emitted in the blue wavelength. A person's eyes that are adapted to nighttime ambient levels of light may be more sensitive to the blue light in the trespassing LED light even at the same measured lighting levels as the HID.



A driver or pedestrian within the lighted target area may have a higher adapted level of ambient light and be less sensitive to the direct light from the luminaire-including any LED blue light content. However, it is still possible to experience Discomfort Glare within the target lighted area if there are exceptionally bright sources relative to the overall lighting level. This can be particularly acute for drivers or pedestrians entering the target lighted area from an area with lower ambient light levels, as their eyes take time to adjust.

Figure 5. Effect of Disability Glare for Drivers



Causes of Disability Glare

Disability Glare is the result of stray light entering our eyes at higher or lower angles than the narrow area on which we are focused. This stray light gets scattered within the eye and interferes with the overall contrast of the field of view, making it difficult to distinguish objects from the background. Unlike Discomfort Glare, there is little or no visual sensation, but instead a loss of visual function (See Figure 5).

A streetlight emits light at both low and high angles relative to the roadway surface (See Figure 6). The light striking the roadway surface is called illuminance, while the light reflected from a surface is called luminance and is the perceived brightness of the light by the eye. The low angle light reflects nearer to the streetlight and creates the luminance detected by the eye in our focused target area.

"As a safety professional, you always want your workers to have access to leading edge safety tools that improve safety and focus. Working with **COOLSHIRT SYSTEMS** over the past two years allowed me to help design a tool **by lineman for lineman**.

The A.R.C. Hybrid Cooling System by COOLSHIRT SYSTEMS allows lineman to remain more focused and less fatigued by reducing their core body temperature in extreme environments, therefore reducing the possibility of unintended accidents."

> -James "Jim" Bonner Compliance Coordinator- Retired Alabama Power

> > COOLSHIRT

A.R.C. Hybrid Cooling System

Complete Arc Rated Portable Cooling Solution

Developed in conjunction with major power companies for use in extreme heat conditions, the **A.R.C. Hybrid Cooling System** uses liquid cooling to reduce fatigue, injury, and heat stress related illness.

Designed specifically for use by linemen, the **A.R.C. Hybrid Cooling System** features a compact design with a custom woven strap mounting system. The use of S-hooks offers the versatility of mounting inside or outside of the bucket. The system includes our mobile ice based cooler, a 7 hour lithium ion battery with charger and a **CAT 2, 12 CAL** rated Liquid Cooled Vest for **70E Arc Flash protection.**

Designed with portability in mind, measuring **6" x 6" x 20"** and weighing in at **less than 10 lbs dry**, the unit is entirely self-contained and built to last with a 20,000 hour pump.

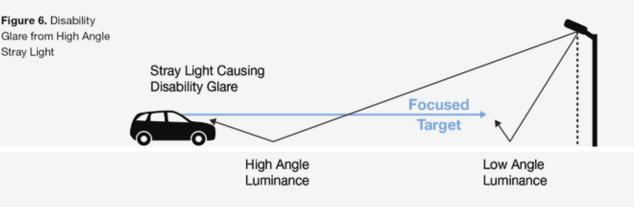


A.R.C. Hybrid Cooling System 2 2002-0017





©2023 COOLSHIRT SYSTEMS, 401 Westpark Court Suite 200, Peachtree City GA 30269 Office: 800-345-3176 Fax: 678-289-4325 www.coolshirt.com



The high angle light reflects further from the streetlight, entering the driver's eyes at a low angle as **Stray Light**, outside the focused area of view. As the driver progresses forward, the high angle light can also enter the eye directly from above. The Stray Light gets scattered around the eye's retina which produces a haze or veil superimposed over the focused image which reduces overall contrast of the field of view. This makes it more difficult or impossible to distinguish objects from the background (See Figure 3).

The Stray Light creating this "haze" is known as **veiling luminance**, and it is the primary metric used for calculating Disability Glare in streetlighting standards. Sensitivity to veiling luminance varies in individuals and is known to increase with age. Drivers on a roadway can face both Disability Glare from high angle Stray Light that reduces field-of-view contrast, and Discomfort Glare from light sources that have too much intensity for the eye's adapted level.

Solutions for Reducing Glare

The different solutions that exist for reducing glare vary based on the type of glare they address. Additionally, it is important to note that a solution for correcting one form of glare can have either a positive or negative effect on the other type. It is generally accepted that reducing Disability Glare also reduces Discomfort Glare; however, the reverse is not always true. A solution to reduce Discomfort Glare can have the effect of increasing Disability Glare.

The following discussion highlights typical solutions to glare, their advantages, and their limitations.

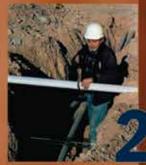
Solution 1: Reducing Brightness

As the major cause of Discomfort Glare is the result of too much light in relation to the eye's adapted level, then reducing the brightness of a luminaire is one quick approach. Municipalities can choose to install luminaires with lower lumen output, or to install luminaires that have the ability to adjust the light output level to reduce brightness. This may reduce the glare to a tolerable level, but it comes at the expense of reduced light brightness or coverage area.

However, simply reducing the output level of a luminaire to correct Discomfort Glare will have no effect on Disability Glare. This is because the metric used for Disability Glare is calculated as the ratio of the veiling luminance at any point compared to the average luminance level of the roadway. It is about how the light is entering the eye, rather than how much light is entering



Step 1: Remove Damaged Conduit



Step 2: Cut Split Duct Conduit to Fit



Step 3: Snap in Place



Step 4: Attach Adapters



Step 5: Finish Job in Record Time

REPAIR CONDUIT IN A SNAP!

No Tape
No Plastic Straps,

No Metallic Straps

NO KIDDING! Designed especially for power, communications, and fiber optics



"The World Leader In Split Conduit Products"



800-670-1804 fax: 435-673-8724 email: crs@conduitrepair.com

Please Visit Our Website at WWW.CONDUITREPAIR.COM

the eye. Increasing or decreasing the brightness of the luminaire will have an equal effect on both the veiling luminance and the average luminance calculated, and therefore has no effect on the ratio.

Solution 2: Installing a Light Trespass Shield

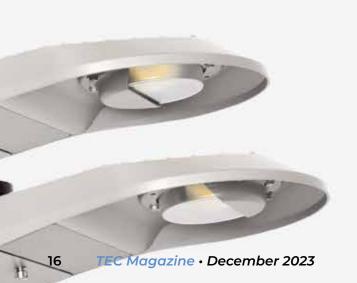
Another approach to addressing Discomfort Glare is the installation of a Light Trespass shield. As Discomfort Glare is often the result of Spill Light beyond the intended target area, then providing a shield that blocks light from entering private property and residential windows can be a very effective solution. All streetlight vendors provide some form of shield that can be installed on the luminaire, typically to reduce Spill Light behind the luminaire. Some include shields that can be installed on the front or sides as well (See Figure 7).

Similar to reducing the luminaire's light level, a Light Trespass shield will typically have no effect on Disability Glare. This is mainly because the direction of the light being blocked, such as behind or in front of the pole, is not in the offending direction of the veiling luminance on the roadway that affects drivers. Adding shields on the sides of the luminaire would likely reduce Disability Glare, but it would also significantly reduce the amount of light on the roadway, making the streetlight less effective in its primary function.

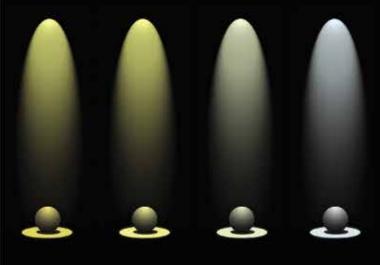
Solution 3: Lowering Color Temperature

As highlighted in the discussion of cones and rods, as the eye adapts to lower light levels, it also becomes more sensitive to blue light from LED sources. While not a perfect correlation, there is an association between color temperature of the luminaire and amount of blue light present in the spectrum. Higher color temperatures, such as 4000k and above, contain more blue light compared to lower color temperatures such as 3000k and below, which may be perceived as "warmer" (See Figure 8). By comparison, traditional HPS luminaires emit almost no blue light. This is the major reason for recent initiatives to reduce the color temperature of streetlights as low as possible, not only to help reduce sensitivity to glare, but also to minimize the impact the light has on other human and animal physiological systems. However, there are trade-offs that must be balanced when moving to lower color temperatures, including luminaire cost, reduced power savings, and perceived lighting quality.

Figure 7. Light Trespass Shields







Your Crew Communicates. Why Shouldn't Your Software?

Sync up your workflow with Foundation Software's family of integrated construction products.

FOUNDATION software

Construction Accounting



Construction Payroll Processing

MCCORMICK

Estimating and Digital Takeoff



Takeoff and Estimating

TAKEOFF

Quantity Takeoff

SAFETY to

Health and Safety Management



Mobile Time Tracking





go.foundationsoft.com/product-family

Most current streetlight luminaires do not have the ability to tune color temperatures as a feature and require that the streetlight be replaced in order to adjust color temperature. This is due to the complexity and cost of adding this feature at the power levels required for streetlights. While such a replacement may correct the glare problem, it also may not, as the problem may stem from too much light being output. Reducing color temperature has more to do with aesthetics and comfort, as again, it has been shown to have little or no impact on reducing Disability Glare.



Figure 9. The secondary lens is installed over the primary optic and transforms that output in some way.

Solution 4: Installing a Secondary Lens

One of the most effective ways to address both Discomfort and Disability Glare is to install a secondary lens on the luminaire. Nearly all LED luminaires require a **primary optic** or lens over the LED chips to alter the output from a simple blob of light to a desired uniform distribution on the roadway. Legacy HID luminaires achieved this by using reflectors behind the bulb to shape the light, with available lenses to seal the bulb compartment.

The design of the LED's primary optics largely determines how light is emitted, at what angles, and the intensity per angle. Different primary optics are used to change the light distribution for different road types and sizes. The primary optics are also the main source of different types of glare, and there is a wide variation in the glare performance across different luminaire manufacturers.

The secondary lens is installed over the primary optic and transforms that output in some way. Legacy HID lamps similarly offered different types of secondary lenses to augment the reflector light output for different scenarios, including glare control. The secondary lens can have many

shapes and sizes, from a simple flat piece of clear glass to a molded cover with diffusion properties (See Figure 9). They can be added by the manufacturer as an orderable feature or installed in the field—although most manufacturers do not offer secondary lens options at all.

The secondary lens can be effective in two ways. The first is in reducing the high angle light being emitted from the luminaire and directing more light toward lower angles. Since much of Discomfort Glare is associated with higher angle Spill Light, that light will be reduced with an associated reduction in the glare. And, since Disability Glare is also the result of high angle light reflections, reducing high angle light output is also effective in reducing that type of glare.

The downside to reducing the high angle light may be overall ability of the luminaire to satisfy the design criteria of the roadway regarding specific pole spacing and light uniformity requirements. It is a balancing act of matching the secondary lens to the primary optic to minimize performance losses while gaining glare control.

The other way the secondary lens can be effective is in diffusing the luminaire light source. Diffusion is created by adding small particles, surface texture, or optical elements to a lens that creates scattering of light rays into different angles. Applying a secondary lens with diffusion can lessen the intensity of the light, as the angles of light from the primary optic are now redirected and reduced.

Diffusion is especially effective in reducing Discomfort Glare, as it reduces spikes of high intensity light from the primary optic, as well as reducing total light output. The impact of diffusion on disability glare can also be positive, but it is not entirely predictable. In some cases, diffusion can actually increase discomfort glare, as the scattered light may also be emitted at higher angles than it would be without the secondary lens.

The reduction in total light output that results from a diffused secondary lens can also have a negative impact on the efficiency of the luminaire, as it reduces the light output relative to power utilization. This is due to some light being blocked by the diffusion, which may require the application of more power in order to achieve a desired level of light output. Diffusion can further impact the overall performance of the secondary lens with regard to meeting the specific streetlight design specifications for uniformity and must be accounted for in lighting design plans.

Despite these challenges, a well-designed secondary lens that balances these competing needs can have a significant effect on both Discomfort and Disability Glare without significantly reducing the overall performance of the luminaire.

Summary & Conclusion

The conversion to LED streetlights has highlighted issues with glare from the new luminaires. There are two types of glare involved, Discomfort Glare and Disability Glare. Discomfort Glare is the result of too much brightness emitting from the luminaire, which causes a physical sensation subjectively rated from annoying to unbearable. Disability Glare is caused by stray light entering the eye at angles from sources or reflecting surfaces that causes a loss of visual performance. Several solutions exist for managing Discomfort Glare to varying degrees, including reducing brightness, installing trespass shields, and lowering color temperature, but they are not effective in reducing Disability Glare. A well-designed secondary lens applied over the primary optic is the most effective mechanism for managing both Discomfort and Disability Glare.

References

ANSI/IES RP-8-21 – Recommended Practice for Lighting Roadways and Parking Facilities FWHA Lighting Handbook 2012 - Federal Highway Administration

Guardians of the Grid: AI-Backed Security Trailers Boost Protection for Utilities



Machine learning and advanced analytics enable mobile CCTV security systems to proactively thwart security threats while also driving operational efficiencies for Utilities and Telecoms

Last year, there was a 71% increase in physical attacks on critical U.S. infrastructure, according to a U.S. government report. For utilities and telecom providers, operational continuity is paramount. Yet, the alarming increase in the number of physical attacks that target these facilities – which could include theft or damage to expensive equipment – is putting uptime in jeopardy.

When it comes to protecting these facilities from an attack, a range of options from CCTV systems to 24-hour security guards are often deployed. However, CCTV security installations have typically focused on "inside the perimeter" protection and often lack the teeth needed to be a deterrent. That is changing with new mobile security trailers, loaded with advanced artificial intelligence (AI) monitoring capabilities which can greatly expand the scope of on-site security. Plus, these smart systems are also proving to add operational efficiencies.

On top of the surge in criminal activities targeting industrial operations is the nationwide shortage of law enforcement. This has the potential to increase response times and puts additional pressure on facilities to fortify their security practices.

"As a solution to this issue, the introduction of mobile security trailers presents a timely opportunity to proactively detect potential



Upgrade Your Building Wire with Copper-Clad Aluminum (CCA).



Ī

Cost Stable

Reduce your exposure to volatile price fluctuations.

Code Compliant

NEC referenced since 1971, Copperweld is accepted by builders and inspectors.

Easy to Install

A similar metal to copper for electrical connections, CCA is light and easy to bend.





Copper where it counts[™]

Contact us for sales and info: 615-622-4662 buildingwire@copperweld.com copperweld.com security threats before they escalate into more severe situations," explains Cameron Simon, Senior Vice President of Industrials, Technology & Services for Stallion Infrastructure Services, a leader in mobile security, video surveillance and communications services.

Smart Security

Mobile security trailers, which have become common in retail parking lots in recent years, are now increasingly the go-to equipment for utilities and the telecom industry as well. Made up of a trailer armed with high-definition cameras attached to an extendable mast and powered by solar panels, these systems can be quickly deployed and set up in minutes. They can also be repositioned as threat profiles change.



An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure



Line Guard | Pole Guard | BirdBloc Learn More at CritterGuard.org



Mobile security trailers are not new, but sophisticated data analytics is changing how these intelligent systems operate and is enabling a more efficient approach to securing a facility.

According to Simon, the current trend for utilities is reminiscent of the retail industry's surveillance practices. While it has been a customary practice to install numerous cameras inside stores, businesses are now equally keen on monitoring the activities of individuals in the parking lot perimeter or access points before they even enter the premises.

The latest Al-enabled technology provides an opportunity for utilities and telcos to have real-time, continuous monitoring of their projects, people, assets, and environment. This may include identifying whether or not someone is brandishing a weapon

> which is now possible with advanced Al systems. These systems can also alert on vehicles, people and motorcycles as well as spot smoke and fire – which are always a concern.

Uptime

For utilities and telcos, stopping a potential attack, theft or property damage is a real concern, yet it is the potential loss of uptime or business continuity that keeps operators pushing out more security trailers onto their properties.

"Recently, we deployed at a remote facility where some expensive assets were staged for an upcoming project. Someone came in attempting to steal some electronics," explains Simon "It was a couple of hundred-thousand-dollars-worth of equipment that we prevented from being stolen.

Stallion's advanced analytics detected the intruder before he entered the property, then the virtual-guard monitoring team took over, coordinating with the on-site customer team to proactively apprehend the thief, preventing the crime and potential losses.

"When you look at the utility space specifically, the real value is not just stopping someone from stealing some expensive equipment, it is much more about keeping the power on or the tower in operation," explains Simon.

Deterrence

The way in which security monitoring trailers are rolled out is in stark contrast to that of traditional CCTV which was built and designed to be fixed installations that often blended into the surroundings.

Simon emphasizes the significance of deterrence as the primary defense against potential security threats. Traditional CCTV cameras often act as passive observers, but with the introduction of mobile security trailers, the situation is different.

These trailers are highly visible, sending a clear message that they are actively monitoring the area. The aim is to make people aware of their presence, ensuring



Pre-Engineered Buildings Built to Withstand The Rugged Northeast Winters

- Commercial, Industrial and Agricultural Buildings Built to Satisfy Your Building Needs
 - Pre-Engineered Steel Packages
 - Pre-Engineered Post Frame Packages
 - Mini Storage Buildings



that potential wrongdoers are discouraged from carrying out any illicit activities.

Popular deterrent features include motion-activated strobe lights and talk-down speakers that can announce that police or security has been alerted to someone's presence.

"At the same time those on-trailer features take action, an alert gets sent to a central monitoring center where trained professionals take over for AI," says Simon. "They can then quickly review the incident and determine actionable next steps in real-time."

Those next steps are typically customized for each facility and may include contacting security guards, local police, or customer representatives.

Operations

Beyond just security, the AI systems on the advanced monitoring trailers can also provide operational efficiencies. For example, it could be as simple as alleviating congestion from multiple deliveries that occur at the same time. It can also be heatmapping of activities to make changes to operational workflows.

"There are some job sites that simply need an extra set of eyes out there looking out for environmental exposures or a failure on a piece of equipment," adds Simon. "These advanced systems are not limited to just anti-theft or anti-vandalism. They are truly a second set of eyes and ears out there."

In addition, mobile monitoring trailers offer another notable advantage: the ability to swiftly exchange them in case of maintenance issues. For example, Stallion has strategically positioned nationwide operational facilities and can quickly provide replacement trailers with high-end commercial-grade cameras and software infrastructure, if needed. To ensure maximum uptime, the company also conducts a daily virtual "pulse check" on each system within its extensive fleet across the country to guarantee uninterrupted operation.

"Is the unit charging adequately? Are the batteries working optimally? Are the cameras and the system working and free of visual obstructions?" asks Simon. "If your systems aren't working properly, that's a potential failure point we intend to proactively manage and prevent."

Another common failure point is connectivity. Trailers should be able to connect with more than just a single cellular service. Simon suggests finding a supplier that can use multiple carriers as well as low-earth orbiting satellites and point-to-point connections for redundancies. This also allows users to log in from anywhere and check in on the facility through a secured portal.

According to Simon, there is a consistent demand for security equipment, both during times of prosperity and adversity. During busy times, companies seek to acquire surveillance systems to manage multiple projects and alleviate the burden on their staff.

However, during tough times, incidents of theft and equipment loss tend to increase, making security measures all the more essential. Hence, the issue of security is a persistent concern that cannot be overlooked, regardless of market conditions.

For more information, visit StallionIS.com, call (281)247-2666 or email Sales@stallionis.com

www.StallionIS.com •



🕅 Maddox

Maddox is the one-stop shop for your transformer needs

Founded by a team of industry veterans focused exclusively on the transformer and transformer-related needs of industrial and commercial clients.



Sell

Maddox stocks and sells the highest quality transformers from dry types and padmounts to substations.

Repair

With shops on both coasts Maddox inspects, tests, and repairs transformers to ensure that they are in top working condition.

Rent

With thousands of units in stock, Maddox rents out transformers for the temporary power needs of customers across North America.

Purchase

We offer a great price that includes handling all the transportation and environmental issue.



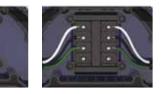
WHEN IT'S A CUSTOM JOB CHOOSE OUR

PREFAB TEMPORARY AREA LIGHTING



6,000 VOLT SURGE PROTECTION

CUSTOM WIRING OPTIONS TO MEET SPECIFIC JOB NEEDS!



MODELS TO CHOOSE FROM:			
ITEM PN	WATT	LUMEN	
08-00466	100W	13,500	
08-00467	150W	20,000	
08-00468	200W	28,000	
50,000 HR LED LIFE SPA	S AN CO	5,000 KELVIN LOR TEMPERATURE	

FEATURES INCLUDE:



COMPARE OUALITY

- Tool-Free Easy Access Latches
- 50% & 100% Brightness Settings
- 2 Water Proof Strain Relief Connectors
- 1/2" Threaded Knockouts For Custom Fittings
- Custom Wiring Terminal Block
- Accepts 16 Gauge To 12 Gauge Cord
- Carry Handle And Folding Hook
- Input Voltage 120v-277v AC 50-60hz

WWW.VOLTEGPOWERLIGHTING.GOM



Lifts Up To 500 lbs!

- Ergonomic
- > Portable

SAR

- Lightweight
- Meets OSHA & ASME Requirements

Customized Safety Lifting Devices For Any Application

IN FILLED

CUSTOM

AVAILABLE

Available in both CHAIN & CABLE Configurations

The Sky Hook is your personal<u>safety</u> lifting solution, preventing lifting injuries while saving you both time and money!

800-4-SKYHOOK 🗐

800-475-9466 • 208-365-5770

ASME

OSHA[®]

www.skyhookmfr.com

SKY HOOK ATTCO, Inc. ora * BYCLONE ATTCO SERVICE

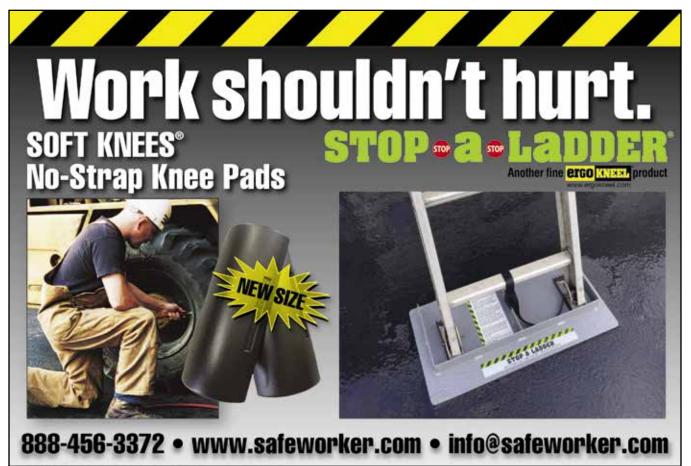
LAGUN

Republic

SKY HOOK

Ad Index

Company	Pg.	Website
Conduit Repair	15	www.conduitrepair.com
Coolshirt	13	www.coolshirt.com
CopperWeld	21	www.copperweld.com
Critter Guard	22	www.critterguard.org
EDE Electric Motor Testing	2	www.edeinst.com
Essex Steel	23	www.essexsteel.com
Evluma	IFC	www.evluma.com
Foundation Software	17	www.go.foundationsoft.com/product-family
Intermatic	IBC	www.intermatic.com/arista
LANshack	24	www.LANshack.com
Maddox	25	www.maddoxtransformer.com
Max USA	26	www.maxusacorp.com
Mobile Desk Solutions	1	www.mobiledesk.com
Nicor Lighting	5	www.nicorlighting.com
Resa Power	BC	www.resapower.com
Ronk Electrical	7	www.ronkelectrical.com
SP Products	3	www.spproducts.com
Skyhook Mfr	27	www.skyhookmfr.com
Underground Devices	11	www.udevices.com
Voltec	26	www.voltecpowerlighting.com
Working Concepts	28	www.safeworker.com

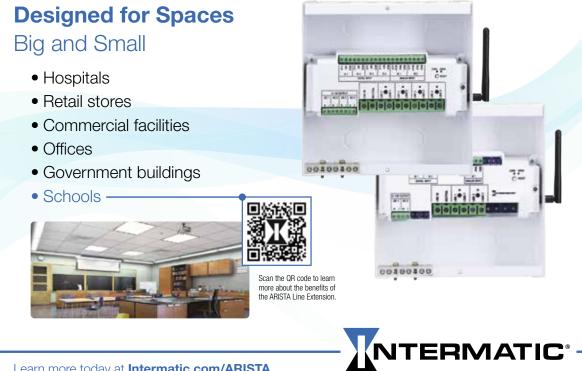


Expanded Contro Fewer Components



Practical Options with Outputs to Match Your Needs

New ARISTA ALC2-R 2-Channel and ALC4-R 4-Channel Room Controllers help installers do more with less. The versatile controls build on our existing ARISTA System by offering 0-10 V dimming, plug-load control, standard ON/OFF control, and built-in advanced scheduling capabilities to create dynamic, code compliant lighting environments.



Learn more today at Intermatic.com/ARISTA

RESA Reliable and Safe. The Power of Us.





REVIEW OF ENGINEERING DOCUMENTATION PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE) ARC FLASH/SHOCK HAZARD LABELS ARC FLASH HAZARD ANALYSIS PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE SAFETY TRAINING

resapower.com
 800-576-RESA

ARE YOU IN COMPLIANCE? ELECTRICAL SAFETY IN THE WORKPLACE WITH RESA POWER

When it comes to hands-on power systems engineering and repairs, the safety of technicians is always paramount.

RESA Power offers Arc Flash / Safety / NFPA 70E Awareness Training to prioritize the well-being of technicians and minimize the chance of injuries, downtime, and property damage.

- Arc Flash Safety Awareness Classes
- NFPA 70E Compliance Assessment
- NETA / NFPA 70B Testing and Maintenance

Make sure your workers stay out of harm's way and are up-to-date on critical compliance updates set by OSHA and the NFPA 70E 2021 Standard for Electrical Safety in the Workplace. Our training classes can benefit anyone who wants to stay informed on the latest safety practices - from Electricians and Contractors to Environmental Health and Safety (EHS) Managers and facility maintenance personnel.

Our instructors are professionally trained and have decades of field experience with electrical safety to offer.

CONTACT US TODAY Request a quote Email: arc.flash@resapower.com Phone: 763-784-4040



Network with us on LinkedIn and follow us on social media as we routinely publish the most recent company news, share best practices, post open jobs, and more.

www.resapower.com